

Problem 8.1 (4-2.1)

$$(a) \hat{\bar{X}} = \frac{1}{9} \sum_{i=1}^9 X_i = \boxed{0,3727}$$

$$(b) \text{var}(\hat{\bar{X}}) = \frac{\sigma_x^2}{9} = \frac{\frac{1}{12}(0.999-0.000)^2}{9} = \boxed{9.24 \cdot 10^{-3}}$$

$$(c) (0.01)^2 < \frac{\frac{1}{12}(0.999-0.000)^2}{n} \Rightarrow \boxed{n \geq 832}$$

Problem 8.2 (4-2.5)

$$(a) N=50, n=10 : \text{var}(\hat{\bar{X}}) = \frac{12}{10} \left(\frac{50-10}{50-1} \right) = 0.9796$$

$\sigma^2 = 12$

$$\sigma_{\hat{\bar{X}}} = \sqrt{\text{var}(\hat{\bar{X}})} = \boxed{0,9897}$$

$$(b) \text{var}(\hat{\bar{X}}) = 1 = \frac{12}{n} \left(\frac{50-n}{50-1} \right) \Rightarrow 61n = 600 \Rightarrow n = 9,84$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{n = 10}$$

$$(c) \text{var}(\hat{\bar{X}}) = (0.01 \cdot 70)^2 = \frac{12}{n} \left(\frac{50-n}{50-1} \right) \Rightarrow n = 16.66$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{n = 17}$$

Problem 8.3 (4-3.2)

$$\text{var}(\tilde{S}^2) = (0.02 \cdot \underbrace{\sigma^2}_{\text{true variance}})^2 = \frac{n(\mu_4 - \sigma^4)}{(n-1)^2} = \frac{n \cdot 2\sigma^4}{(n-1)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2n}{(n-1)^2} (0.02)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow n^2 - 5002n + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{n = 5002}$$

Problem 8.4 (4-4.2)

(a) $\hat{\bar{x}}$: sample mean. $\mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} = \mu_x = 120$

$$\sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}}^2 = \frac{\sigma_x^2}{150} = \frac{100}{150} = 0.67 \Rightarrow \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}} = 0.816$$

9% = 90% $\Rightarrow k = 1.64$ (from Table 4.1)

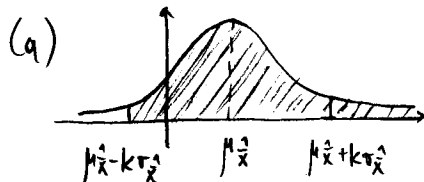
$$\Rightarrow \mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} - 1.64 \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}} \leq \hat{\bar{x}} \leq \mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} + 1.64 \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}}$$

$$\boxed{118.66 \leq \hat{\bar{x}} \leq 121.34}$$

(b) $\sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}}^2 = \frac{\sigma_x^2}{21} = \frac{100}{21} = 4.76 \Rightarrow \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}} = 2.182$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} - 1.64 \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}} \leq \hat{\bar{x}} \leq \mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} + 1.64 \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}} \Rightarrow \boxed{116.42 \leq \hat{\bar{x}} \leq 123.58}$$

Problem 8.5 (4-4.3)



$$\Pr\{\hat{\bar{x}} \geq \mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} - k\sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}}\} = 0.9$$

$$\int_{\mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} - k\sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}}} e^{-\frac{(x - \mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}})^2}{2\sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}}^2}} dx = 0.9$$

$$\text{let } y = \frac{x - \mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}}}{\sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}}} \Rightarrow dx = \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}} dy \Rightarrow \int_{-k}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}} dy = 0.9$$

$$\Rightarrow Q(-k) = 1 - Q(k) = 0.9 \Rightarrow Q(k) = 0.1$$

$$\Rightarrow k = 1.28$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} - 1.28 \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}} \leq \hat{\bar{x}} < \infty$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{118.95 \leq \hat{\bar{x}} < \infty}$$

(b) $\mu_{\hat{\bar{x}}} - 1.28 \sigma_{\hat{\bar{x}}} \leq \hat{\bar{x}} < \infty$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{117.21 \leq \hat{\bar{x}} < \infty}$$